## **PRO V3 RANGE**

## 

## Daily

Check & clear debris
Water testing
End of day wipe down

## 2 Days

Clean and replace particle filter

Depending on usage and hygiene, this may need to be done daily or every few days. It's essential that users shower before getting in.

## Weekly

Full water change
Check & Balance water

Adjust frequencies of cleaning protocols around user load

## Monthly

Laboratory testing System Flush

## Quarterly

Deep clean

#### 6 Months

UV Bulb Change

12 Months

Recalibration - Chemical sensor



## WHAT YOU NEED

What	Why	
Paper towels	Wiping bath when empty and general cleaning.	
Micro fibre cloths	To polish bath when empty and general cleaning.	
Sodium bicarbonate	To clean around and remove body fat from the water line.	
Spa vac	For removing debris from bath base and lower pre filter.	
Small bucket	To catch water when removing filters.	
A small brush/ pipe cleaner brush	For cleaning first stage filter.	
System flush	For monthly maintenance. Speak to your local supplier for their recommendation.	
Filter cleaning solution	This is only required if you intend on reusing filters. (If so, you will need an additional bucket for them to sit in).	
Sodium Hypochlorite	Strength can be 11-12% or 14-15% This is the chlorine needed to dose the water.	
Sulphuric Acid	Strength should be no more then 16%. This is needed to control the PH	
Digital water test	For daily water testing. We recommend the HI-97710c - Most accurate and can be calibrated by the user. You will need the reagents HI -93701-T to go with this for testing.	

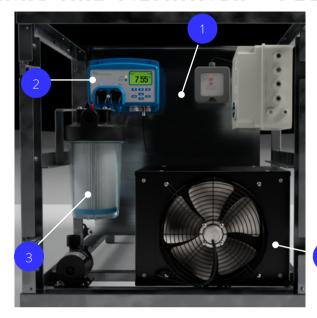


## WHAT YOU NEED

What	Why
Spare filters	20 inch 50 micron filter - this can be bought from Brass Monkey or speak to your local supplier.
Filter housing key	This is supplied by Brass Monkey and comes with your bath
Paper towels	Wiping bath when empty and general cleaning.
Bottom drain removal tool	This is used for the removal of the bottom drain. This is supplied by Brass Monkey.
Top Filter Bung	This is supplied by Brass Monkey and is used to cover bottom of the skimmer to prevent air being sucked when completing the maintenance



## CLEANING AND FILTRATION - PLUNGE



4

#### 1. Water skimmer

The always-on skimmer gently draws the water through a narrow opening, removing debris from the surface. The water then continues through the system for a deeper clean.

#### 2. Hanna Auto Dose Unit

The Hanna Auto dose unit will dispense Chlorine and Acid to maintain water sanitisation and pH level=s.

#### 3. Particle filter

This secondary filter collects the finer particles in the water down to 80 microns.

#### 4. UV Light filter

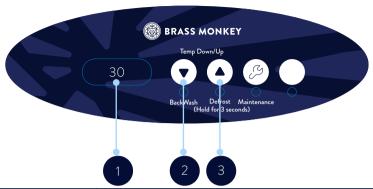
The water is passed through a UV light chamber, killing pathogens for a deeper clean.

The UV is located behind the chiller unit.

 Always keep your Brass Monkey powered on and connected to the WiFi. This keeps the filtration always running and prevents stagnant water. The Wi-Fi ensures we can support your Brass Monkey remotely.



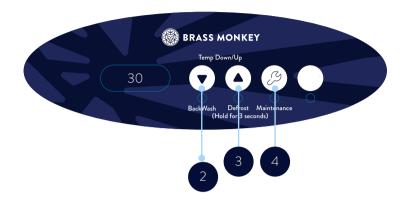
## **BATH CONTROLS**



1	Temperature Display	The control panel displays the CURRENT water temperature. The display has no decimal place, therefore 3°C is displayed as 30. When up or down keys are pressed, the TARGET temperature is displayed.
2	Temp down	The lowest temp setting is 3°C for chill products.  For Ice products the target temp dial goes down to 2°C, then under 2°C there are 3 levels of ice intensity to choose from (1-3). Level 3 is the most intense.  Please note, when changing the target temperature, the cooling engine may take a few minutes to restart.
3	Temp up	The highest temperature setting is 10°C, going above this sets the bath to 'idle' (filtration continues to run but the cooling engine is off). NB. If the target temp is adjusted to be set above the current water temp, there is no heating function - water will warm up naturally until the target set exceeded, when cooling will kick back in.



## **BATH CONTROLS**



2	Backwash mode (temp down long press)	Press and hold the Temp Down arrow for 3 seconds to put the bath into a backwash mode - This turns the cooling engine off (on plunges with a chiller engines) while keeping the pump running. This is important to protect plunges with a chiller engine while backwashing. The LED will flash quickly.
4	Maintenance mode (spanner)	Press and hold for 3 seconds to put the bath into a maintenance mode - The LED light on the chiller and light in the bath will flash 3 seconds on 3 seconds off whilst in this mode. From here you can change the particle filter. Exit maintenance mode by pressing and holding for 3 seconds again.
3	Defrost	This function is for ice baths only, and should only be used if ice ever becomes stuck on the bottom of the plunge.
	Bath light	The light in the bath and next to control panel will remain on even when not in use. The light will flash when in maintenance/backwash mode. If the light flashes when not in one of these modes contact the support team.



## CHECK AND CLEAR

Daily

Throughout the day

How does the water look?

Is it clean and clear or is it noticeably dirty/murky?

Are there debris or foreign objects within the unit?

Is there enough water?

## Do

- Clear the pre filter that sits over the suction hole inside the unit. If debris are stuck in the bottom drain please see troubleshooting and remove drain for cleaning
- Use the spa vac to reach into the water and clean around the pre filter removing any debris.
- This keeps the water flowing smoothly and helps to maintain a good flow rate.
- Once done move onto cleaning/ emptying the skimmer

## Don't

- Don't ignore cleaning the pre filter or skimmer - If this becomes blocked it can reduce the flow of water causing inefficient filtration and sanitation and can cause damage to your unit.
- If the water is looking murky you may need to:
  - 1. Complete an extended backwash and top up water.
  - Clean scum line.
  - 3. Complete system flush.



## CHECK AND CLEAR SKIMMER

Daily

Throughout the day

**Skimmer plates:** remove this by sliding it up and putting to one side whilst you complete the following steps.

- 1. Open the door to the skimmer, there is a groove on the door to help pull it open. When holding the door open do not put excessive pressure on it.
- 2. Reach into the skimmer and take out the basket. Be mindful that the basket will catch any debris so do not empty this into the water.
- 3. Rinse the basket until all debris is removed.
- 4. Open the door to the skimmer and replace the basket. The large lip should face the front of the skimmer.

**Skimmer plates:** remember to put this back on by lining it up and sliding it back down into position.



Skimmer on bath



Back of skimmer plate holes locate onto bolts on skimmer



Front of skimmer plate



## TEST AND DOSE

Daily

Prior to opening and then every 2 hours throughout the day and at the end of the day after completing maintenance

## Pool Maintenance: Chlorine and pH Levels

Chlorine: The ideal level is 2-4 ppm.

PH Balance: The optimal range is 7.2–7.6, with 7.4 being the target.

These measurements should be taken:

- 1. Before opening
- 2. Regularly throughout the day to ensure levels remain stable.
- 3. At the end of the day, especially after completing any maintenance tasks.

## Step one: Taking the sample:

- 1. Get the water testing kit, including the dipstick and bottle.
- Attach the bottle to the dipstick and take both to the bath with a thermometer.
- 3. Submerge the bottle 30cm into the water, fill, shake, and rinse it.
- Repeat, but this time hold the blue button on the dipstick to close the bottle while lowering it.
- Release the button to fill the bottle at 30cm depth, then press the button again to seal it before removing.
- Measure the water temperature with the thermometer at the same depth.
- Record water and air temperatures on the Daily Water Quality Test Log.

## Step two: Reading the sample:

Follow test kit instructions to measure:

- Free Chlorine DPD1
- Total Chlorine DPD 3.
- Combined Chlorine.
- pH.
- Record results on the Daily Water Quality Test Log.

The form below can be down loaded by following the QR code and searching for Daily Water Quality Test Record Sheet.

Turn over for next steps.



## TEST AND DOSE

Daily

Prior to opening and then every 2 hours (minimum) throughout the day and at the end of the day after completing maintenance

## Step three - Interpret & action the results

Enter the clarity of the water under the same heading

- The optimum chlorine level is around 2-4ppm.
- Anything above 5ppm is dangerous. Dosing should be stopped immediately and the bath put out of use until the water has been diluted and the re-tested to an acceptable chlorine level.
- If below 0.5ppm close the bath to users and increase chlorine levels by adding small amounts at a time - this is best done manually and placed in top of bath in the skimmer.
- When re-testing after dosing, wait 15 mins until the chlorine has fully mixed with the body of water.
- Test again until you meet the correct level.

Chlorine: Ideal chlorine level in a pool is 1-3 ppm.

Chlorine Dosing Example in our standard plunge:

1g of HTH Granular will raise the level by 1ppm

3.5ml of Sodium Hypochlorite 15% will raise the level by 1ppm

PH Balance: Ideal PH range is 7.2 - 7.6 with optimum measure being 7.4

Day	Time	Water temp	Air temp	A Chlorine Available to kill bacteria (DPD1)	B Total amount of chlorine in water (DPD3)	C B – A = Combined Chlorine	Ph	Clarity	Initials and comments
					, ,				
MON									
TUE									
WED									



## HANNA AUTO DOSER



The settings on the Hanna Unit can be amended to increase the amount of chlorine dispensed.

## Adding an ad-hoc dose of Chlorine or pH

- 1. Press Menu and scroll to C12 Pump (C12 for Chlorine, Acid for pH).
- 2. Press the left circle button under "On 10s."
- 3. A 10-second countdown will start.
- 4. Let it run for about 5 seconds, then press OFF (middle circle button)
- 5. Press the right circle button to set the pump back to Auto
- 6. Wait 20 minutes, then re-test
- 7. (After re-testing and knowing the difference of 5 secs to your water you could choose to let it run for 10 seconds)

## Adjusting the Set Points

- 1. Press Menu on the Hanna unit.
- 2. Scroll down using the arrows until you reach ORP Options = Chlorine / pH Options
- 3. You change the set point
- 4. Press Set, then adjust the number up or down
- Always re-test the water after a minimum of 20 minutes to check the effect of the adjustment

## Check Pump Settings - Auto

- 1. Press Menu on the Hanna unit.
- 2. Acid Pump Auto (is this is shown as OFF press the circle underneath the word Auto at the the bottom of the screen)
- 3. ORP Pump Auto (is this is shown as OFF press the circle underneath the word



## WATER TOP UP



Auto Top-Up maintains water between the bottom and middle of the skimmer. If it drops below, manual top-up is required.



Hold for 3 sec

- Activate maintenance mode (Press and hold the spanner on the control panel for 3 seconds).
- 2. Open fill tap, bring water level up to the middle of the skimmer and then close fill tap
- 3 Exit maintenance mode (Press and hold the spanner on the control panel for 3 seconds).
- 4. Check the bath is running: Light illuminated and water flowing.

## END OF DAY CHECKS

- Clean around the waterline using product such as sodium bicarbonate which can help to remove body fat around the waterline.
- 2. Use an anti-bacterial cleaner to wipe down the insulated cover, top deck, step and panels.
- 3. Ensure that water testing and dosing has been completed throughout the day and records maintained.
- 4. If you use a Hanna Dosing unit, ensure chemical levels are filled.
- 5. Ensure the skimmer basket and bottom drain have been cleaned, increase frequency of debris accumulates.
- 6. Check when next system flush and quartile clean are due, consider doing these earlier if issues arise.



## REPLACE THE PARTICLE FILTER

2 Days

Depending on usage and hygiene, this may need to be done daily or every few days. It's essential that users shower before getting in.

#### 1. Enter Maintenance Mode:

Press and hold the spanner icon for 3 seconds. (Switch off Hanna if connected.)

#### Shut Off Water Flow:

Turn the two blue valves (labelled A and B) 90° so they are not inline with the pipes.

#### 3. Open the Filter Housing:

- Remove the neoprene cover.
- Use the filter key to loosen the housing.
- Unscrew by hand—it will be full of water, so pour it out carefully.
- Remove the filter and check the rubber ring stays in place at the top.

#### 4. Clean or Replace the Filter:

- Wipe inside the housing with a cloth.
- Rinse the plastic filter under running water, or insert a new paper filter if applicable.
- Make sure the rubber ring is fitted correctly.

The isolation valves can be difficult to see, put your hand on the pipe to the left/right of the filter and follow this around until you get the valve.

#### 5. Reassemble:

- Insert the filter
- Screw the chamber back on by hand.
- Use the key to tighten slightly—do not over-tighten.

#### Restore Water Flow:

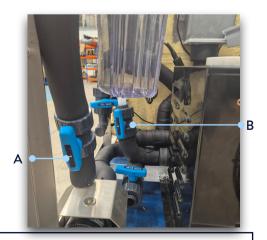
Turn the blue valves (A and B) back inline with the pipes.

#### 7. Exit Maintenance Mode:

Press and hold the spanner for 3 seconds again.

#### 8. Confirm Operation:

Ensure the light is on and water is flowing.





## CHECK AND BALANCE WATER

Weekly

You may hear the term "balancing the water." While we cover the basics in our flash cards, regular balancing isn't essential if you're frequently diluting or changing the water—this aligns with PWTAG guidelines.

The key to maintaining water is balancing various factors. The Langelier Saturation Index (LSI) helps by combining these elements. It's best to calculate the LSI weekly, alongside checking alkalinity, TDS, and calcium hardness. Results should be recorded weekly.

## Step one

- Take a sample bucket of water from the bath at a depth of 30cm.
- Take a temperature reading.
- Take a TDS reading using your preferred meter.
- Take a total alkalinity reading using your preferred meter.
- Take a pH reading using your preferred meter.
- Take a calcium hardness reading using your preferred meter.

## Step two

- Record the findings on the weekly test record sheet and work out the water balance.
- If the reading is outside of the acceptable balance dilute the water in the bath until an acceptable level is found.

Further information and the weekly record log can be downloaded by following the QR code and searching for:
Weekly water test procedure.

STEP 1 - Record the following test results

STEP 2 - Use the Lanagelier scale to to find water balance:

Factor Totals	
T.Factor	
C.Factor	
A.Factor	
pН	
Sub Total (X)	
	-12 1

T.Factor + C.Factor + A.Factor +

For further information or guidance refer to PWTAG Technical note 71.

www.pwtag.org/ice-baths-tn71/



## WORKING OUT YOUR WATER BALANCE



Temperature	T. factor	Calcium hardness	C. factor	Total alkalinity	A . factor
10	0.0	5ppm	0.3	5ppm	0.7
80	0.2	50ppm	1.3	50ppm	1.7
15°	0.4	100ppm	1.6	100ppm	2.0
18°	0.5	150ppm	1.8	150ppm	2.2

Use the T. factor, C. factor and A. factor from your results to work out your water balance using the langlier equation:

#### (T.factor + C. factor + A.factor + Ph) - 12.1 = Water balance index

Compare you result to the index below. Readings between +0.5 and -0.5 are acceptable.

Level	Meaning		
0.5	Scale forming		
+0.2 to +0.5	Acceptable balance		
0.2	Aim for +0.1		
-0.1 to +0.1	Ideal balance		
-0.1 to -0.5	Acceptable balance		
-0.5	Corrosive and erosive		



## CHECK AND BALANCE WATER



What	Ideal Levels	Actions
Chlorine	1-3 ppm	<ul><li>Kills bacteria.</li><li>Low? Increase chlorine.</li><li>High? Stop adding and dilute with water.</li></ul>
Ph balance	7.2-7.6 (Best at 7.4)	<ul><li>Low pH: Causes irritation and corrosion.</li><li>High pH: Cloudy water, weakens chlorine.</li><li>Adjust with chemicals or fresh water.</li></ul>
Alkalinity	80-120 ppm.	<ul><li>Stabilizes pH.</li><li>Adjust alkalinity first, then recheck pH.</li></ul>
Free chlorine	1mg/L.	<ul><li>Upper limit: 3mg/L.</li><li>If too high, reduce dosing or dilute water.</li></ul>
Combined chlorine	<50% of free chlorine	<ul> <li>Indicates contamination. Address if too high.</li> </ul>
Calcium hardness	75-150mg/L.	- High levels cause scaling.
Total dissolved solids	<1000mg/L.	- Test weekly, reduce by dilution.
Sulphates	Less than 360mg/ L.	- Test weekly.



## FULL DRAIN DOWN



#### Drain

- 1. Power down the bath do this by pressing the red button on the RCD box.
- 2. Open **drain valve** until bath is empty.
- 3. Clear any debris and remove the last of the water using a cloth or a wet vac if you have one.
- 4. Follow daily wipe down steps and clean the inside of the bath.
- 5. Use a microfibre cloth to dry the inside of the bath.
- 6. Close the drain valve.

Before refilling consider completing the deep clean steps.

## Refill - The bath should have no power when empty.

- Open the fill valve.
- 2. Fill the bath until water line is in the middle of the skimmer Close fill valve.
- 3. Power on the bath by pressing orange button on RCD
- 4. Check the bath is running, the light will be on and water will be flowing



## BIOLOGICAL TESTING

Monthly

Each month you should arrange a biological water test from an accredited 3rd party laboratory for bacterial testing.

#### What to do when the results are in?

If the results show you're maintaining good levels of water sanitation then continue as you are remembering to adjust your regime as and when required. We still recommend you complete a system flush which will mean draining and replacing the water.

## If the results show concerning levels of bacteria follow the following:

- Complete steps for System flush.
- 2. Complete steps for Full drain and deep clean.
- 3. Seek to understand why the results aren't as you expected:
  - Review the daily and weekly water logs.
  - You may need to increase the frequency of your maintenance regime.
  - Ensure bathers are following pre-showering.



## SYSTEM FLUSH

Monthly

A system flush is when you a run a chemical through the bath (length of time will depend on manufacturers guidance).

This is different to a shock dose where chlorine levels are temporarily lifted.

A system flush will break down body fats, grease and bio-film within the pipework. We recommend this is done on a monthly basis, this will help with flow rates and combined chlorine levels.

If you have a Hanna Dosing unit - Switch this off before putting bath into maintenance or backwash mode.

- 1. Before completing a system flush always carry out a back wash first.
- 2. Put bath into maintenance mode (Hold spanner for 3 seconds)
- Remove and clean the bottom drain and the skimmer basket, once cleaned refit these to the bath.
- 4. Remove particle filter (Follow the steps to complete a filter change but do not re-fit a new filter)
- 5. Put the bath into **Back Wash Mode** hold down arrow for 3 second
- 6. Add the system flush to the bath within the skimmer area.
- Follow instructions from this point in regards to timings dependent on system flush in use.
   (Some require being left to sit whilst others require the pumps to be running throughout)
- Once the required time has passed Power down the bath do this by pressing the red button on the RCD box.
- 9. Open drain valve until bath is empty, close the valve.
- 10. Open the **fill valve** and refill bath to half way before turning back to closed position. Use this water to clean the sides of the bath and ensure any debris are fully removed.
- 11. Open drain valve until bath is empty, close the valve.
- 12. Follow daily wipe down steps, ensure skimmer basket and bottom drain are cleaned.
- 13. Use a microfibre cloth to dry the inside of the bath.
- 14. Remove the filter housing, and empty, install new particle filter and re-fit housing.
- 15. Re-Fill the bath by opening the fill valve. Once full, switch the bath back on using the orange button on the RCD

If you have a Hanna Dosing unit -Switch this back on after completing maintenance/backwashing .



## DEEP CLEAN



#### Routine Cleaning Instructions

#### 1. External Surfaces

- Wipe down the exterior of the unit using either:
  - A disinfectant solution, or
  - O Chlorinated water at a concentration of 100 mg/L.
- Spot-clean any stains as needed.

#### 2. Insulated Topper and Covers

- Clean with disinfectant or chlorinated water (100 mg/L).
- Pay attention to marks or residue and treat them accordingly.

#### 3. Internal Cleaning (When Bath Is Empty)

- Ensure all water is removed using a cloth or a wet vacuum.
- Clean the inside of the unit thoroughly.
- For stainless steel baths:
  - Apply baby oil to polish the surface.
  - Remove any remaining oil during the drying and buffing process to avoid residue.

#### 4. Ventilation & Compartments

- Check all compartment areas and vents to ensure they're free from dust and debris.
- Use a vacuum (preferably with a nozzle) to clean inside the compartment area and around the chiller.
- Important: Prevent dust build-up by cleaning at least once per quarter. Depending on your environment, more frequent cleaning may be necessary.

## 5. Hanna Dosing System

- Inspect the cable and connector for any wear or damage.
- Replace the peristaltic pump tubing if it shows signs of wear or if dosing becomes inconsistent.
- Probe calibration should be carried out annually to ensure accuracy





Contact us and ask about our service plans, we can complete the deep clean with the addition of:

- Replacing any insulation that has become worn or damaged.
- Inspection and cleaning of the fan, pump, compressor radiator, flow meter.
- UV change (every 2 years).

Call us on +44 1135 267 255

Or raise a support ticket on brassmonkey.co/support

Weekdays 9:00am - 5:30pm

## IF YOU WANT TO REUSE PAPER FILTERS

## If you are reusing particle filters you need to:

- Rinse away any visible scum or debris under a tap.
- Give the filter a wash with a small brush to ensure any large particles have been removed.
- Soak the the particle filter in a solution of filter cleaner (there are off the shelf products for this, follow their guidelines on solution strength and soaking time).
- Before re-using the particle filter must be left to fully dry, this is how paper filters regain their shape.

**Please note:** A re-used filter is likely to need changing more often so your maintenance schedule may require adjusting. Particle filters are not designed to last forever, if you choose to re-use filters please check them regularly.

## Replace your cartridge filter if you see:

- Holes in the fabric.
- Frayed or fuzzy pleat edges.
- Splits or cracks along the seams.
- Flattened pleats.

#### Broken bands

The bands that go around the edge of the filter help keep the pleats from flattening. But they can break easily, so they're not considered a reliable indicator of when to replace your pool cartridge filter. Broken bands do, however, usually indicate aging. Especially when they break on their own. So in some cases, they can be considered early warning signs.

## Cracked end caps

Similar to the bands, cracked end caps are more an indicator of aging. But it's usually rough handling or harsh chemical exposure that will cause the end caps to crack. In most cases, the end caps on quality cartridge filters will outlast the lifespan of the filter's fabric.



## POWER

#### Power cut

If there is a power cut on the premises, once power returns, reset the bath's RCD by pressing the orange "Reset" button. This should restore power to the bath.

## No power to the bath (no power cut)

Can you hear any noise from the bath's components? Is anything displayed on the control box or UV?

- 1. If no:
  - Check that the socket/power source has power.
  - Verify that the electrical supply or power source hasn't tripped.
  - Try resetting the bath's RCD by pressing the orange "Reset" button inside the compartment.
- 2. If still no success, contact the support team, as a fuse may have blown.



## If you think you have a leak you need to:

- Firstly check that both the particle filter and TwistllClean filter housings are screwed in correctly and check they have their neoprene covers fitted.
- Following this check that the drain valve has been closed correctly and hasn't been left open.
- In warm environments the pipework and exposed parts of pipework can gather condensation. Check if any of the insulation has been damaged and is allowing the build up of condensation.

## If the unit is leaking you need to:

Before draining down the unit try to identify where the leak is coming from, contact our customer support team (photo's / videos of the issue will help us to identify the issue)

1. Complete drain down steps and power off.



## POWER

## How to identify and address a blown fuse

Indicators of a Blown Fuse:

- 1 Mains:
  - No power to the bath.
  - Topside controller is not lit.
  - No noise from any components.
- 2. Pump:
  - No water flow.
  - Test: Place a hand near the water inlets—there should be strong flow. If there's none, it could indicate a blown fuse.
  - Other possible causes: Blue levers not reopened or bath in maintenance mode.
- 3. Compressor:
  - Bath is not cooling.
  - No vibration from the compressor.
  - The support team can confirm via remote tests.
- 4. Solenoid (only applicable to ice generating baths)
  - If you can not enter a defrost mode.
  - The support team can confirm via remote tests.

## Next steps for suspected fuse issues:

- 1. Customers should contact the support team for assistance.
- 2. Opening the PCB has safety risks, and should only be done when is is absolutely necessary under the guidance of the Brass Monkey support team.



## You can see or believe there is soap/oil in the water or the water looks cloudy

- Complete a system flush and drain down. (See monthly flash card for steps)
- Re-fill the bath and complete a back wash to ensure any residues are cleared from within the pipe work and filtration system. Top the water back up.
- To reduce this from re-occurring
  - A. Ensure clients are showering prior to use.
  - B. Check maintenance tasks are being completed correctly and as often as required.
  - C. Check that the testing and dosing of the water is being completed correctly.

## Cleaning the Pre Filter

If debris are lodges into the filters you may need to drain the water down to a point you can reach the drain to remove it and give it a clean. Follow the relevant instructions to your drain.

#### For baths

- Use the tool provided, insert this into the drain by screwing it in. Once secure you can pull the drain out. Clean the filter under a tap using a stiff brush to remove any lodged debris (don't forget to take it off the removal tool for cleaning). Secure back to tool and to replace the drain filter back in place reach into the bath push it into the drain hole and then unscrew the removal tool.
- Unscrew this pre-filter, rinse under a tap and use a stiff brush to scrub and remove any lodged debris .



Removal tool (





Pre-filter

Your plunge will either have a drain and removal tool or a Pre Filter



## -OOC ICE GENERATING BATHS

#### Ice issues (n/a to chill units)

#### Stuck ice

- 1. Check for water flow from the bath's inlets:
  - Low or no flow:
    - Perform an extended backwash.
    - Ensure blue levers are in the open position.
    - Check for blockages in the pre-filter or drain inside the bath.
  - Good flow:
    - Press defrost and repeat until the ice is released.
- 2. If the issue persists, contact the support team for further support.

## Not enough ice

- Lower the temperature to  $0^{\circ}$ C or increase ice production in the app (set to 1–3).
- Is there morning ice after overnight inactivity?
  - If no ice is present at  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  or 3 ice, contact the support team.



# TROUBLE SHOOTING LIGHT STATUS

## Standard operating status - applicable to single (chill or Ice) and dual engines

LED ON	Normal operating	Engine and pump are on, the unit is either at idle state or cooling to target temperature.
LED Flashing 1 flash - 1 second gap - 1 flash	Maintenance mode	Engine and the pump are off. This is to allow for maintenance tasks to be completed. The unit will stay in this mode until maintenance mode is re-pressed on the control panel.
LED Flashing Quick flash on and off	Back wash mode	Engine is off, pump is on. The pump is kept on to allow for back washing of filtration.



## LIGHT STATUS CHILLER ENGINES ONLY

#### Issue status

## Please contact the support team to confirm what action is required

LED Flashing 1 flash - 5 second gap - 1 flash	No flow	Water is unable to flow through the chiller unit.
LED Flashing 3 flashes - 5 second gap - 3 flashes	Frost protection	The water flowing through bath is approaching freezing points. Take action to protect your chiller engine.
LED Flashing 5 flashes - 5 second gap - 5 flashes	Overheat	Your chiller is overheating. Take action to help cool it down.
LED Flashing 10 flashes - 5 second gap - 10 flashes	Lock out	Your chiller has 'locked - out' to protect itself.

## AUTO TOP UP

## Not sure if Auto Top Up is working

- Put the bath into maintenance mode (hold the spanner down for 3 seconds)
- Open the drain valve and allow the water to get to the bottom of the skimmer, close the drain valve
- Take the bath out of maintenance mode (hold the spanner down for 3 seconds)
- The auto top up should now start filling the bath so the water line is mid skimmer level.

If this does not happen please contact the Brass Monkey support team

Auto top Up will manage the water level from the bottom of the skimmer to the middle of the skimmer. The water level is below the skimmer then Auto Top Up will not work.

## Auto Top is not maintaining water level correctly

If you have confirmed auto top up is working by following the test above but are finding the water level is dropping below the skimmer unit then there it could be because the drain valve hasn't been fully shut.

- Open the drain valve and allow the water to get to the bottom of the skimmer, close the drain valve
- Take the bath out of maintenance mode (hold the spanner down for 3 seconds)
- The auto top up should now start filling the bath so the water line is mid skimmer level.

If this does not happen please contact the Brass Monkey support team for further advice.



## We're in this together!

Need some help? Download the Brass Monkey app or check out our knowledge base at **brassmonkey.co/help** to troubleshoot most issues. Here's a few tips to keep your plunge in top condition...

- Keep on top of regular maintenance and cleaning tasks.
   This will prevent most issues ever happening.
- Regularly monitor the water quality throughout each day. Increase the frequency if the user load is high.
- Keep track of your daily user load.
   We'll need to know this to help with any performance questions.
- Shower before use.
   You'd be amazed how much sweat, dirty feet and towel fibres impact water quality and filtration flow.
- Keep your bath connected to wifi.
   That way we can see how it is performing.
- Make note of the ID number of your plunge(s).
   It is shown beneath the QR code in the compartment area of the plunge.

Call us on +44 1135 267 255

or raise a support ticket on brassmonkey.co/support

Weekdays 9:00am - 5:30pm



brassmonkey.co